Year 3 Write a Program Part 2 Drawing Shapes Knowledge Organiser

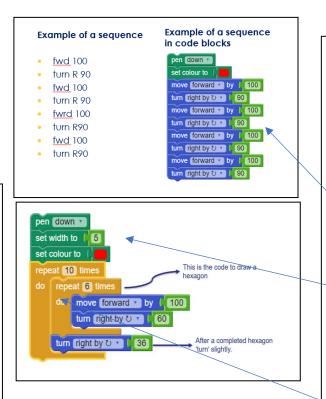


Key words and prior learning from Year 2 Sequencing Simple Algorithms and Programs

Sequence – a particular order in which related things follow each other.

Reverse – do the direct opposite of the stated command.

| Key Learning | Self-Assessment | | |
|--|-----------------|---|----|
| | WT | Α | WA |
| I can predict the outcome of a simple algorithm | | | |
| I can write a program that creates simple shapes | | | |
| I can add a repeat loop into my written algorithm | | | |
| I can debug my program | | | |
| I can write a program that creates simple shapes | | | |
| I can write a program that creates repeated shapes on the screen | | | |
| I can use a nested loop | | | |
| I can explain why I have used a nested loop | | | |



New key words we will use in year 3 Write a Program Part 2 Drawing Shapes

Unplugged – an activity that does not need a computer

Algorithm- step by step instructions to do complete a task

Program - a stored set of instructions in a language understood by the computer

Sequence – the order of a set of instructions for a computer program

Visual – block-based programming language in J2e

Command blocks – blocks of code that are put together to write a program

Debug - finding an error in a program to fix it

Repeat loop – this is used in a program when we need to repeat something

Nested Loop – this is repeat loop with another repeat loop 'inside' it

Who uses skills like these?

- Computer game makers
- Computer programmers when they design and make software to solve problem
- App makers

| Introducing sequence | Using sequence in shape algorithm and programming | Move from sequence to repetition to improve the program | Using repetition in shape algorithm and programming | Move from single shape to multiple shapes using nested loops | Using nested loops in algorithm and programming | |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|